

## **SUPPORT AN INCREASE IN THE FEDERAL MEDICAID MATCH (FMAP) AND OPPOSE CAPS ON FEDERAL PAYMENTS**

**ISSUE:** The National Governors Association reports that the states are suffering severe shortfalls in their budgets and have begun, or are planning, to cutback their Medicaid programs. This will likely result in cuts in home and community based care and impede efforts to implement the Olmstead decision, which requires states to offer home care as an alternative to institutionalization.

As part of his FY 2004 budget, the President proposed sweeping financing and programmatic changes for Medicaid. Under the proposal, states would have two options: they could continue to run Medicaid under existing rules and receive the normal federal Medicaid matching payments, or they could opt to turn their Medicaid program into a block grant with broad flexibility to change program rules. The capped federal payments would be front-loaded over the 10-year life of the block grant to provide states some additional funds in the first few years, but these funds would be offset through reductions in federal payments to states in the later years. The National Governors Association did not endorse the proposal.

In 2003 Congress rejected the President's approach and instead provided a \$10 billion increase in Medicaid payments to the states for the period April 1, 2003 – June 30, 2004. Each state received a 2.95 percentage point increase in its federal Medicaid matching rate for this period. An additional \$10 billion was allocated to state governments for health care and other social services.

Instead of proposing a cap on federal Medicaid spending, in 2006 the President proposed to cut Medicaid spending by \$25 billion over five years through certain "reforms," including restricting the ability of states to enhance federal matching payments and tightening restrictions on individuals transferring away assets to qualify for Medicaid.

In 2008 Medicaid advocates and governors campaigned for a temporary increase in the Federal Medicaid matching rate as part of a stimulus package to revive the economy. Congress is expected to take up the stimulus package early in 2009 that will likely include a substantial increase in the Federal contribution to Medicaid over two years.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Congress should reject any consideration of placing caps on Medicaid spending and increase the federal match for state Medicaid programs, thereby bolstering efforts to bring states into compliance with the Olmstead decision.

**RATIONALE:** Many states have begun efforts to expand home and community-based alternatives to institutionalization in their Medicaid programs. The federal government, through such programs as the New Freedom Initiative, has sought to facilitate this development. Medicaid is one of the biggest items in state budgets, so it will certainly be

a focus of state efforts to save money. States are required to balance their budgets, so federal assistance is essential to preserve and expand home and community-based care within the Medicaid program.